



Relationships Between Research, Portland Study, and Commercialization

- Issues and requirements of the Portland study define and motivate necessary TRANSIMS-LANL developments.
- Research and development activities and tasks are designed to create, verify, and demonstrate the functionality required by the study problem.
- Completion of the study problem underwrites the relevance and applicability of the newly developed software and methods in a tangible demonstration of TRANSIMS capabilities.
- Successful completion and demonstration of the new technologies and methodologies in an integrated transportation analysis system offsets the risk to commercialization.
- The schedule for technology transfer to the public sector is tightly coupled with completion of the research and the Portland study.

Portland Study

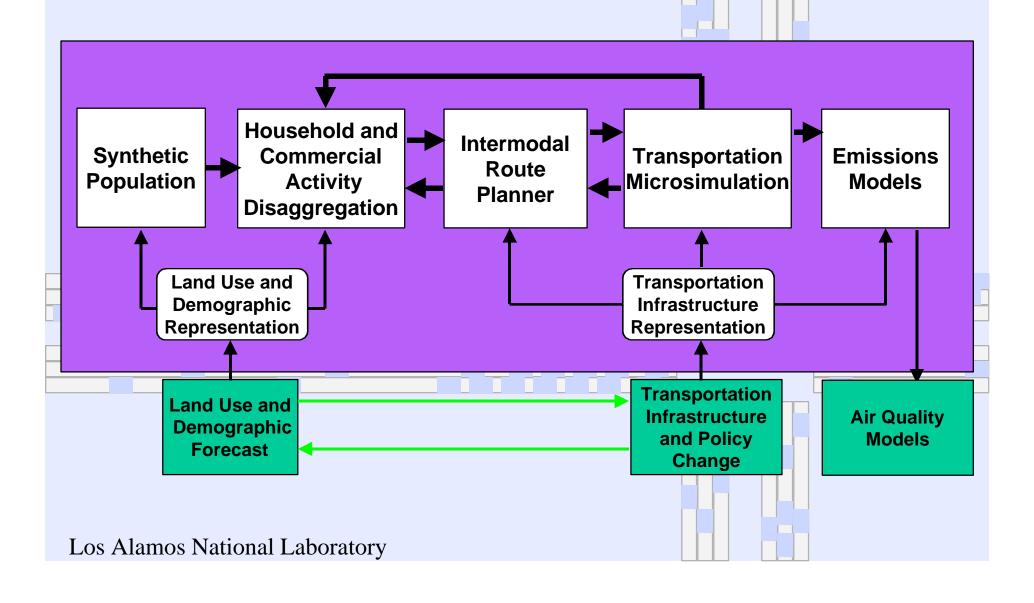
- Validation against Portland 1996/1997 observed data.
- 1996/1997 Representation.
 - Forecasted 1996/1997 block group demographics.
 - 1990 PUMS.
 - 1994 Activity Demand Survey.
 - 1996/1997 Transportation Network.
 - 1996/1997 Land Use.
- Features
 - Traveler/household definition.
 - Activities.
 - Routing of intermodal travel.
 - Traffic and transit.
 - Complex feedback methods.
 - Additional MOEs (emissions, accidents)

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Portland Network

- EMME2 network (20,000 links) used for testing and research
 - Currently autos only (at LANL)
 - Adding transit (TRANSIMS format)
- 120,000 link Allstreets network
 - 600 timed signals
 - 400 actuated signals
 - 2000 signalized intersections with no information
 - Adding transit stops, routes, schedules
 - Testing lane connectivities

TRANSIMS Architecture



Synthetic Population

- Generates households and individuals for base census year (1990)
- Household vehicle assignments
 - Number of vehicles from PUMS
 - Portland's vehicle types used for MOBILE5
- Being modified to generate a population based on Portland's projection to any year, but in particular for 1996-1997.
 - Block group 3-way distribution (age, income, household size)

Activity Demand

- For each household, provides a list of activities to be refined with feedback.
- Determines discrete activity locations based on attractiveness and travel time.
- Modifying to improve selections of activity locations, mode choice, and vehicle assignment.
- Adding hooks to allow for feedback.
- Feedback research will adjust
 - Activity locations
 - Activity times
 - Mode choice
 - Activity list, if necessary

Trip Tables

- Capability exists to generate trip plans from timedependent origin-destination (O-D) tables.
- Portland non-freight itinerant traveler O-D information for external-external, external-internal, internal-external, and internal-internal trips.
- Portland freight itinerant traveler O-D information in passenger car equivalents for external-external, external-internal, internal-external, and internalinternal trips.

Intermodal Route Planner

- Finds the minimum generalized cost path under the mode constraints.
- Modes (Walk, Bus, Auto/Truck, Light rail (complete, but not tested))
- Multi-modal and intermodal trips
 - Park and Ride (works but needs testing and further work on behavior)
- · Runs extremely fast.
- Modifying interface with activity generator and microsimulation to allow shared rides.
- Examining methods to allow parking at parking locations not associated with activity locations.
- Developing methods to account for parking lot capacities, possibly using feedback.

Microsimulation

- Second-by-second simulation of travel execution.
- Modes (Walk (delay based on m/s), Autos (s-by-s), Buses (traveler loading/unloading, queues), Trucks).
- Timed signals.
- Traffic behavior calibrated to Highway Capacity Manual.
- Testing detector representations.
- Generic signals (completed, testing mostly complete, may be refined)
- Testing Portland bus mall weaving.
- Completing light rail development and testing.
- Adding different acceleration profiles for buses and trucks.
- Completing capability to handle shared rides, including interfaces with planner.

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Emissions Model

- Calculates emissions for light-duty vehicles.
- Uses Comprehensive Modal Emissions Model.
- Output formatted for MODELS3
- Completing heavy duty emissions development (UWV models).
- Completing filter to extract data for cold starts.
- Completing calibration to ramp behavior.

Output Subsystem

- Development Basically Complete
 - Traveler events
 - Snapshot data
 - Summary data
- Supports traditional and innovative Measures of Effectiveness.
- Minor modifications for emissions model input.

Feedback

- Feeds back Microsimulation link travel times to Intermodal Route Planner.
- Completing development to allow feedback to the Activity Demand Generator.
- Research underway to "match" travel plan expectations with observed executed travel.
- Research to adjust activities for planned and executed travel (feedback from both the Microsimulation and the Intermodal Route Planner).
- Research to feed back route plan information to the Intermodal Route Planner to accelerate convergence.

Framework · Protocols for data movements defined. Developing selector methodologies (e.g., feedback strategies). Los Alamos National Laboratory

Further Research

- Local street representations
- Transform current practices or develop new technologies for forecasted transit systems.
- High occupancy vehicles
 - Inter-household shared rides
 - High occupancy vehicle lanes
 - Effect on feedback strategies
- Intelligent Transportation Systems
 - Ramp metering
 - Electronic tolls
 - Traveler information systems
- Pricing policies (generalized costs)

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Commercialization

- Opportunity Forum, June 28-30, 1999
- Request for Proposals issued August 13, 1999.
 - Transform TRANSIMS products into commercial products.
 - Implement TRANSIMS-DOT at Early Deployment Transportation Planning Organizations.
 - Support Early Deployment Transportation Planning
 Organization transition plans.
 - Viable Business Plan.
- Several proposals received by November 19, 1999.
- Source selection process underway.
- Anticipate contract award March-April 2000.

Summary

- TRANSIMS development is driven by an application in the real world (Portland study).
- The Portland study will authenticate TRANSIMS' relevance and applicability, reducing its risk for commercialization.
- TRANSIMS development is scheduled to support both the Portland study and technology transfer to the commercialization process.